BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

5 400 2 3
List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

Euneka Watu Assoc-Public Water Supply Name

The Fe confide must be	deral Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer nee report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please .	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed: 7 / 1 / 12
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/ /
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: Sauthur Ceporter
	Date Published: Le/15/12
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERTI	IFICATION
consiste	y certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is not with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
7	Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date
Name/	Title (President, Mayor, Owner), etc.) Date

Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

VM

2012 JUN 21 AM 10: 19

PROOF OF PUBLICATION OF NOTICE

State of Mississippi Panola County

Having personally appeared before me, the undersigned Authority, in and for the County and State aforesaid, David Howell, who being by me first duly sworn, states on oath that he is, as manager, a representative of

The Southern Reporter

a newspaper published in the City of SARDIS, in the First Judicial District of Panola County, State of Mississippi, and that the publication of the notice, a copy of which is hereto attached, has been run in said paper one (1) as follows:

Vol. 156, No. 37 On the 14th day of June, 2012

and that said newspaper was established more than twelve (12) months prior to the date of the first publication of said notice.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 14th day of June, 2012.

David Howell

Notary Public

Charote Howell





Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Eureka Water Association PWS ID # 2812 0 WN 21 AM 10: 19

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Tallahatta and the Winona Tallahatta Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Eureka Water Association have received moderate rankings to contaminations.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Andrew Gamer at (662) \$63-9279. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of each month at 7:00 P.M. at the Eureka community Building.

The Eureka Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system count fallow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

i Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLO) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (ppm) - Milligrams per liter (mg/L).

Parts per billion (ppb) - Micrograms per liter (up/L).

				TEST	RESUL	100		
Contambuna	Violeton V/N		Detected	Pange of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	per .	MCL Grove	Likely Source of Contamination
.,,,,,,	/Yb			Distribute &	Distatection efectant is ec	By-Pro	for cont	rol of microbial conteminants)
Chlorine (ss C12) (open)			,50	0.48 - 0.51	'Yan			Water additive used to control microbes
	3 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Accessors and the second	Eso ana antonio de la companio de la	Inergan	ie Contamina	WEN .		
Barium	N	*2010	044	No-range	7700	P	7	Discharge of drilling waster; discharge from mousi reflection; erotion of natural deposits
2.romium	!	*2010	6	No-12/132	790		100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; crosion of sanged deposits
Соррег	i I	2011	a i			13	7. m	Corresion of bounded of phending systems, erosion of natural deposits; leaching from woo eroservatives
Lead	N	2011	2.0	•	obp.	P		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
TTHM Total	k	-2010	3.49	No reco	pp -	P	100	Ry-product of drinking water chlorisation

^{*}Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2011

MIT Y

. . 1

1J230k · a 256 · TERARY 1000

70: 3838 C

During 2011 we were required to send you the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) by July 1, 2011. We failed to do this by the deadline but have since been returned to compliance.

' 19 D.

***** A MESSAGE FROM MSHD CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING *****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007- December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the deadline; however, during an audit of the Ms. State Dept. of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements. The bureau of Public Water Supply has taken action to ensure that your water system be returned to compliance by March 31, 2013. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Eureka Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergoer organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Your CCR will not be mailed to you however; you may obtain a copy from the water office. Please call 662-563-2268 if you have any questions.